

Small Grants – Final Completion and Impact Report

Organization Legal Name: Projeto Vitó Porto Novo /
Terrimar – Ambiente e Desenvolvimento Sustentável

Project Title: Protection of endangered sea turtles on the island of Santo Antão and institutional reinforcement of the Vitó Porto Novo Project

Grant Number: 112079

Date of Completion of this Report: 30th June 2022

CEPF Hotspot: Mediterranean Basin Hotspot

Strategic Direction: 1: Support civil society to engage stakeholders in demonstrating integrated approaches for the preservation of biodiversity in coastal areas

Grant Amount: USD 25,112

Project Dates: 01st March 2021 to 30th June 2022

PART I: Overview

1. Implementation Partners for this Project (*list each partner and explain how they were involved in the project*)

<i>Partner's name</i>	<i>Involvement in the project</i>
Porto Novo City Council	They are the most important institutional public partner of Terrimar since many years. During this project, they did the payment salaries of 2 Porto Novo field assistant, though a protocol signed between Terrimar and the city Council, they financed to making 7 awareness plates to the Porto Novo and Tarrafal beaches, and they provided us their noble hall for Terrimar's public meeting
National Directorate of Environment	Financial support to pay salaries to the field assistant
Nova Experiência Marítima de Cruzinha Community Association	Responsible for a part of the sea turtle monitoring staff in Cruzinha and North Coast of the island through an informal partnership protocol
Delegation of the Ministry of Agriculture and Environment of Porto Novo	At the beginning of the project, they assumed the support about vehicle to support some of our missions but all the time that we asked for this support it was unfortunately denied, so the collaboration that was proposed didn't happen

National Police	The police carried out night patrols by car to support field assistants' work in Porto Novo, and they had an important role in the arrest of sea turtles' poachers
TAOLA network of NGO	Technical support by the visit of a very experimented member of the NGO Bios.CV, to know our work in Santo Antão and give us advices to improve our job.
NGO Biosfera	Financial support to complete the amount necessary for all car travel inside the island during the sea turtle campaign.
NGO Projeto Biodiversidade	Financial support to awareness activities and materials
Solidárias do Meio Ambiente	This group of women volunteers of environment helped us with a group of volunteers to a beach cleaning campaign to commemorate the Environment Day, on 5th June
Queen Mary University of London	We have had a protocol for almost 10 years on sampling sea turtles for genetic studies. The University provides technical, material and financial support to develop its activities

2. Summarize the overall results of your project

The support from CEPF came at a key growth moment for us. We felt it was the right time to work on our organizational development and thanks to this project we had a successful institutional reinforcement of Terrimar, with new status, new name, the development of the Strategy and an Action Plan, headquarters rented, the training of team members and even some funds obtained from new donors.

We also created our Facebook page, and now we have an important mean of publicizing our work. Terrimar NGO is now becoming prepared for new challenges in the field of biodiversity conservation in Santo Antão.

On the ground, the 2021 sea turtle nesting conservation campaign was a great success, with a record number of nests for the island (4,993 in total) and with a larger and more prepared team for the work.

During the extension of the project (March to June 2022), we contract a part-time biologist to keep the Terrimar's headquarters open to the public, and to work on awareness-raising activities. During this period, we carried out a wide range of environmental education and awareness-raising activities in schools and communities in all municipalities on the island, enhancing our position on the island and involving more people in the conservation challenge. With these activities, we work in 13 schools from the 3 municipalities of the Santo Antão island, and we achieved a number of 91 teachers and 1,184 students from elementary and secondary education, being 590 boys and 594 girls, in a total of 17 lectures and other awareness activities.

We held a drawing competition with the largest school on the island, to commemorate the Ocean's World Day.

We work on lectures and in a beach cleaning campaign with 55 community people, to commemorate the Environment Day.

And in São Vicente island, the Cabo Verde President of Republic wore our T-shirt in another activity about the Ocean's World Day, that was a great happiness and honor for us.

All the activities mentioned above and others can be seen in our Facebook page

<https://www.facebook.com/Terrimar.santoantao>

3. Briefly describe actual progress towards each planned long-term and short-term impact (as stated in the approved proposal)

List each long-term impact from your proposal

a. Planned Long-term Impacts - 3+ years (as stated in the approved proposal)

Impact Description	Impact Summary
<p>Projecto Vitó Porto Novo is restructured, with a highly qualified team to work on turtles, marine birds and plants conservation, awareness and Protected Areas management</p>	<p>Projeto Vitó Porto Novo is reinforced with new status and the NGO name changed to Terrimar – Environment and Sustainable Development. We developed our Strategy and Action Plan, and present it in the Public meeting, and we gave training of 3 team members in sea birds monitoring, and more 3 team members in Sea turtle monitoring. It's a massive change in the history of the NGO in our long term vision of having more impact on conservation efforts.</p>
<p>The communities of Santo Antao are taking ownership of conservation work on Santo Antão island, through the support of the Projecto Vitó Porto Novo</p>	<p>During this project, Terrimar hired 21 youths (14 men and 6 women) from Santo Antão Island to the work, being 15 field assistants to the sea turtle campaign, 3 monitors, 1 technic and scientific coordinator, and an accountant (3 of them are biologists). All the technicians are from Santo Antão island, in order to start the promotion the take ownership of conservation in this island by the local youth. The great number of awareness activities carried out on this project are crucial too, to promote the opening dialog, to have the communities closer to the conservation activities.</p>
<p>A network of public and private partnerships is set up to support the conservation of natural resources in the Cruzinha KBA and all-around Santo Antão island</p>	<p>With the Strategy and Action Plan, we carried out the Public meeting, where we present the “new” NGO, our proposed activities and strategy to the partners, public and private institutions of the 3 municipal councils of the island. This meeting was the first step to set up a network to the support of the conservation of natural resources in the Cruzinha KBA and all-around Santo Antão island. The visits to the institutions are another crucial part to the opining dialog and creation of partnerships to Terrimar. The awareness activities carried out are important too in this process, and this work needs to be maintained and enlarged.</p>
<p>Biodiversity and habitats of Cruzinha KBA and all-around Santo Antão island are healthy and conserved.</p>	<p>The sea turtle marine campaign and the institutional reinforcement of Terrimar is one small part of the huge conservation work that need to be done to achieve the biodiversity and habitats of Cruzinha KBA and all around Santo Antão island healthy and conserved. The capacity building of the team, the investment on publicity that we are doing, starting our Facebook page, are essentials to the institutional growing to achieve more and bigger funds as we can do more conservation work in all the island.</p>

b. Planned Short-term Impacts - 1 to 3 years (as stated in the approved proposal)

Impact Description	Impact Summary
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The sea turtle campaign of 2021 reaches more beaches (\pm 23 Km) and more time (4 months) with community taskforce	We managed to achieve all impacts planned, because we could work in all the beaches previewed (23 Km in total), in a 4-month campaign and with a community taskforce of 21 team members, all youth and women from Santo Antão island
By February 2022, the Projecto Vitó Porto Novo is restructured institutionally	We achieved this goal. Terrimar is officially created, we have new status, Action Plan and Strategy for the next 5 years, we are working on capacity building, marketing and fundraising, and we are searching for new partners to become growing and have projects in new conservation areas. With this project, we could rent a headquarters, and now we have a place to store the field material, to have meetings; the headquarters can give better conditions to the team to have a place to stay for some days, and all of this improves the conditions of work from Terrimar.
By February 2022, the conditions of work of Projecto Vitó Porto Novo team are upgraded	We hired the team, with a new structure of contract, we both new material and equipment to all the team (mats, sleeping bags, tents, flashlights, PIT's, GPS's, t-shirt's). We gave capacity building from 6 team members in Raso islet (Santa Luzia Reserve), São Vicente and Boavista islands. Furthermore, we carried out an internal capacity building with all team in Santo Antão, and during all of the campaign they had technical and scientific support, through our scientific coordinator of campaign.

4. Were there any unexpected impacts (positive or negative)?

Some of the nesting site are remoted, and we encountered some problems with the behavior of staff (use of alcohol, lack of respect to the rules of work, demotivation) was an unexpected impact. We have learnt on that to increase our recruitment process next year and monitoring of staff during the campaign.

The resistance of some technics to the standardization of methodology of monitoring sea turtle was another challenge unexpected too.

The positive impact was the massive increase in sea turtle number in the 2021 campaign, which was not expected.

PART II: Project Products/Deliverables

5. List each product/deliverable as stated in your approved proposal and describe the results for each of them:

#	Deliverable Description	Deliverable Update
	The 2021 campaign is carried out with increase of data collected and decrease of turtle poaching in all the patrolled beaches and with strong participation of the local communities	The marine turtle campaign had 3 team on the field, being 19 people at total: 6 field assistant and 2 monitors in Porto Novo, 6 field assistants in Cruzinha and 3 field assistant and 1 monitor in the camping site on Tarrafal. The entire team is made up of youth from Santo Antão

		<p>island, and the team was followed by our Technician and Scientific Coordinator of the campaign.</p> <p>We had an excellent campaign in terms of numbers of turtles. It was the campaign that we had the highest number of nests since the beginning of Projeto Vitó Porto Novo in 2011.</p> <p>We had a total of 4,993 nests on all island, and the total number of poaching was 11 sea turtles (comparing with 2020, the number of poaching had a small decrease in 2021).</p> <p>We had 3 poachers arrested, in two different cases, and the two processes went to the court. In one of these cases there was a trial and the defendants were ordered to pay a small fine.</p>
	<p>Projecto Vitó Porto Novo is restructured at institutional, human resources and material levels</p>	<p>The status was updated, and the name of Projeto Vitó was changed to Terrimar.</p> <p>Terrimar has a new direction, well organized and with people better able to perform the duties.</p> <p>The Institutional Diagnosis, the document of Strategy and Action Plan are done.</p> <p>The Public Meeting was held on 18th February 2022. During the meeting was presented the Terrimar's Strategy and Action Plan, and the results of the protection sea turtle campaign of 2021.</p> <p>All the guests have shown satisfaction and opened to create and/or strengthening the partnership with Terrimar.</p> <p>In the Public meeting we had the presence of the Porto Novo Mayor, two City Councilors of Porto Novo, the Maritime Delegate of Santo Antão island, the Delegate of Education of Santo Antão island, representative of Delegation of the Ministry of Agriculture and Environment of Porto Novo, Presidents of 2 Community Associations, President of a Women association, Environmental NGO's representatives, scouts, and the Terrimar staff.</p> <p>About human resources, we gave capacity building from 6 team members: 3 in Raso islet (Santa Luzia Reserve), 1 in Santa Luzia and 2 in Boavista islands.</p> <p>We have a headquarters rented, we purchased field material: 4 tents, 3 GPS, 20 sleeping bags, 20 mats and 20 red lights. All the material was distributed between staff of Porto Novo, Cruzinha and Tarrafal.</p>

5. Please describe and submit any tools, products, or methodologies that resulted from this project or contributed to the results.

During the implementation of the project, we create a more efficient way to control the expenses of the project and we institute the payment of salaries personally.

We could feel better how the monitoring it's crucial for the good results of the work, and we are aiming to have a monitoring and evaluation process to follow up and better anticipate issues.

During last year, we identify some problems in the field relatively to the behavior of the field assistants and to try to solve this situation, we create a new methodology to hire people, that we are implementing this year (2022). The new strategy is working very well because we are hiring university students on vacation, to work with our field assistant, and all of them are more motivated to the job. We are hiring more women to reinforce the staff, too.

During the implementation of this project, we improve our capacity in field methodologies, team management, project management, activities organization, and others. This project contributed a lot with our improvement as a management team.

PART III: Lessons, Sustainability, Safeguards and Financing

Lessons Learned

7. Describe any lessons learned during the design and implementation of the project, as well as any related to organizational development and capacity building.

“Lessons learned” are experiences you have gained that you think would be valuable successes worth replicating or practices that you would do differently if you had the chance. Consider lessons that would inform project design and implementation, and any other lessons relevant to the conservation community. CEPF Lessons Learned Guidelines are available here: <https://www.cepf.net/sites/default/files/cepf-lessons-learned-guidelines-english.pdf>.

We learned really a lot about organizational development and capacity building during the workshop conducted by our consultant for the “Organizational Restructuring”. Our accountant learned about organizational issues with CEPF Project because the monitoring of this project was very precise, and it was good for his professional improvement.

Besides, we learned that we need to improve our staff because most of them are not totally prepared in terms of discipline, and instead of searching for people informally, we could open call for students in vacation, and have more motivated staff to work.

Furthermore, we learned too only one person working on management of projects it's not enough for an NGO, we need to have at least small team with capacity in project management and fundraising. If we want to grow, we need to have more staff with specific tasks.

The Public Meeting that we carried out on this project was a good experience for the staff about events organization.

Sustainability / Replication

- 8. Summarize the success or challenges in ensuring the project will be sustained or replicated, including any unplanned activities that are likely to result in increased sustainability or replicability.**

The annual sea turtle conservation campaign needs funds every year. If we stop patrolling, some sea turtles will get stuck or lost in rocks, others will be poached, and so far no other institutions are using their budget to do so. So, we need to continue. It is a challenge but with an NGO more organized, skilled and better implemented on the island, we hope to improve the team and get more motivation locally. One of our challenge will be to secure funds in the coming months to secure staff and ensure that our positive growth keep going.

Safeguards

- 9. If not listed as a separate Deliverable and described above, summarize the implementation of any required action related to social or environmental safeguards that your project may have triggered.**

We had a process framework as safeguard. Following this:

- We recruited people from the local communities to be part of our team.
- We provided a network of communication between communities, private and institutional institutions.
- We gave room to these stakeholders to share their thoughts and concerns.

Additional Funding

- 10. Provide details of any additional funding that you have secured to support this project.**

- a. Total additional funding (US\$) 10,150**

OBS: for 2022 MCAF secure more than a half part of the funds for the sea turtle season.

- b. Type of funding**

Please provide a breakdown of additional funding (counterpart funding and in-kind) by source.

Donor	Type of Funding	Amount (US\$)
Porto Novo City Council	In kind	1,500
NGO Biosfera	In kind	1,650
NGO Projeto Biodiversidade	In kind	1,600
National Directorate of Environment	In kind	4,400
Queen Mary University of London	In Kind / PIT's and reader	1,000

Additional Comments/Recommendations

11. Use this space to provide any further comments or recommendations in relation to your project or CEPF.

Terrimar is truly grateful to CEPF for the trust, and for all the support that was crucial to the beginning of a new phase in the history of Terrimar.

PART IV: Impact at Portfolio and Global Level

Contribution to Portfolio Indicators

12. In order to measure the results of CEPF investment strategy at the hotspot level, CEPF uses a set of Portfolio Indicators which are presented in the Ecosystem Profile of each hotspot. Please list these below and report on the project's contribution(s) to them.

Indicator	Actual Numeric Contribution	Actual Contribution Description
1.2 Number of hectares of Coastal KBAs under improved management	2,500 hectares	During the implementation of the Project, we carried out night patrols on a KBA beaches, monitoring nesting turtles and nests. In other 4 beaches within the KBA that are inaccessible, we surveyed by boat, to obtain data on tracks and nests.
1.4 Number of globally threatened species benefitting from reduced pressure from unsustainable practices	1	The nesting population of loggerhead turtles (<i>Caretta Caretta</i>) in Santo Antão are estimated in 1,000 females and is considered Endangered on the IUCN redlist (North East Atlantic subpopulation). This population are more protected due to all the patrol and awareness carried out in the last campaign.

1.5 Number of threatened species from coastal KBAs seeing status improved	1	As a result of night patrols to avoid poaching / monitoring population / tagging / sampling for population genetic studies / awareness activities with communities, the local population of caretta caretta is stable / increasing
2.0 Number of hectares of KBAs under improved management	2500	A KBA have been patrolled regularly for monitoring purposes.

Contribution to Global Indicators

Please report on all Global Indicators that pertain to your project.

13. Benefits to Individuals

13a. Number of men and women receiving structured training.

Report on the number of men and women that have benefited from structured training due to your project, such as financial management, beekeeping, horticulture, farming, biological surveys, or how to conduct a patrol.

# of men receiving structured training *	# of women receiving structured training *	Topic(s) of Training
3	0	Sea birds monitoring
22	12	Sea turtle monitoring
7	0	GPS technics
0	1	Project management
8	2	NGO operation

**Please do not count the same person more than once. For example, if 5 men received structured training in beekeeping, and 3 of these also received structured training in project management, the total number of men who benefited from structured training should be 5.*

13b. Number of men and women receiving cash benefits.

Report on the number of men and women that had an increase in income or cash (monetary) benefits due to your project from activities such as tourism, handicraft production, increased farm output, increased fishery output, medicinal plant harvest, or payment for conducting patrols.

# of men receiving cash benefits*	# of women receiving cash benefits*	Description of Benefits

**Please do not count the same person more than once. For example, if 5 men received cash benefits due to tourism, and 3 of these also received cash benefits from increased income due to handicrafts, the total number of men who received cash benefits should be 5.*

14. Protected Areas N/A

Number of hectares of protected areas created and/or expanded

N/A

Report on the number of hectares of protected areas that have been created or expanded as a result of your project. Protected areas may include private or community reserves, municipal or provincial parks, or other designations where biodiversity conservation is an official management goal.

Name of PA*	Country(s)	Original # of Hectares**	# of Hectares Newly Protected	Year of Legal Declaration/ Expansion	Longitude***	Latitude***

** If possible please provide a shape file of the protected area to CEPF.*

*** Enter the original total size, excluding the results of your project. If the protected area was not existing before your project, then enter zero.*

**** Indicate the latitude and longitude of the center of the site, to the extent possible, or send a map or shapefile to CEPF. Give geographic coordinates in decimal degrees; latitudes in the Southern Hemisphere and longitudes in the Western Hemisphere should be denoted with a minus sign (example: Latitude 38.123456 Longitude: -77.123456). To obtain the latitude and longitude of your protected area, use google map, right click on the center of your protected area, and select "What's here?", and copy the latitude and longitude appearing in the popup window.*

15. Key Biodiversity Area Management

Number of hectares of Key Biodiversity Areas (KBA) with improved management

Report on the number of hectares in KBAs with improved management, where tangible results have been achieved to support conservation, as a result of your project. Examples of improved management include, but are not restricted to: increased patrolling, reduced intensity of snaring, invasive species eradication, reduced incidence of fire, and introduction of sustainable agricultural/fisheries practices. Do not record the entire area covered by the project - only record the number of hectares that have improved management.

If you have recorded part or all of a KBA as newly protected for the indicator entitled “protected areas”, and you have also improved its management, you should record the relevant number of hectares for both this indicator and the “protected areas” indicator.

Name of KBA	KBA Code from Ecosystem Profile	# of Hectares Improved *
Cruzinha da Garça	CPV 07	2,500

* Do not count the same hectares more than once. For example, if 500 hectares were improved due to implementation of a fire management regime in the first year, and 200 of these same 500 hectares were improved due to invasive species removal in the second year, the total number of hectares with improved management would be 500.

16. Production landscapes N/A

Number of hectares of production landscape with strengthened management of biodiversity

Please report on the number of hectares of production landscapes with strengthened management of biodiversity, as a result of your project. A production landscape is defined as a landscape where commercial agriculture, forestry or natural product exploitation occurs.

- For an area to be considered as having "strengthened management of biodiversity," it can benefit from a wide range of interventions such as best practices and guidelines implemented, incentive schemes introduced, sites/products certified, and sustainable harvesting regulations introduced.
- Areas that are protected are not included under this indicator, because their hectares are counted elsewhere.
- A Production Landscape can include part or all of an unprotected KBA.

Name of Production Landscape*	# of Hectares with Strengthened Management**	Latitude***	Longitude***	Description of Intervention

* If the production landscape does not have a name, provide a brief descriptive name for the landscape.

**Do not count the same hectares more than once. For example, if 500 hectares were strengthened due to certification in the first year, and 200 of these same 500 hectares were strengthened due to new harvesting regulations in the second year, the total number of hectares strengthened to date would be 500.

*** Indicate the latitude and longitude of the center of the site, to the extent possible, or send a map or shapefile to CEPF. Give geographic coordinates in decimal degrees; latitudes in the Southern Hemisphere and longitudes in the Western Hemisphere should be denoted with a minus sign (example: Latitude 38.123456 Longitude: -77.123456). To obtain the latitude and longitude of your production landscape, use googlemap, right click on the center of your

production landscape, and select “What’s here?”, and copy the latitude and longitude appearing in the popup window.

17. Benefits to Communities N/A

CEPF wants to record the non-cash benefits received by communities, which can differ to those received by individuals because the benefits are available to a group. CEPF also wants to record, to the extent possible, the number of people within each community who are benefiting. Please report on the characteristics of the communities, the type of benefits that have been received during the project, and the number of men/boys and women/girls from these communities that have benefited, as a result of your project. If exact numbers are not known, please provide an estimate.

Please provide information for all communities that have benefited from project start to project completion.

Name of Community	Community Characteristics (mark with x)							Country of Community	Type of Benefit (mark with x)								# of Beneficiaries	
	Small landowners	Subsistence economy	Indigenous/ ethnic peoples	Pastoralists / nomadic peoples	Recent migrants	Urban communities	Other*		Increased access to clean water	Increased food security	Increased access to energy	Increased access to public services (e.g. health care, education)	Increased resilience to climate change	Improved land tenure	Improved recognition of traditional knowledge	Improved representation and decision-making in governance forums/structures	Improved access to ecosystem services	# of men and boys benefiting

*If you marked "Other" to describe the community characteristic, please explain:

18. Policies, Laws and Regulations N/A

Report on policies, laws and regulations with conservation provisions that have been enacted or amended, as a result of your project. “Policies” pertain to statements of intent formally adopted or pursued by a government, including at sectoral or sub-national level. “Laws and regulations” pertain to official rules or orders, prescribed by authority. Any law, regulation, decree or order is eligible to be included.

18a. Name, scope and topic of the policy, law or regulation that has been amended or enacted as a result of your project

No.	Name of Law, Policy or Regulation	Scope (mark with x)			Topic(s) addressed (mark with x)																
		Local	National	International	Agriculture	Climate	Ecosystem Management	Education	Energy	Fisheries	Forestry	Mining and Quarrying	Planning/Zoning	Pollution	Protected Areas	Species Protection	Tourism	Transportation	Wildlife Trade	Other*	
1																					
2																					
...																					

* If you selected “other”, please give a brief description of the main topics addressed by the policy, law or regulation.

18b. For each law, policy or regulation listed above, please provide the requested information in accordance with its assigned number.

No.	Country(s)	Date enacted/ amended MM/DD/YYYY	Expected impact	Action that you performed to achieve this change

19. Biodiversity-friendly Practices N/A

Number of companies that adopt biodiversity-friendly practices

Please list any companies that have adopted biodiversity-friendly practices as a result of your project. While companies take various forms, for the purposes of CEPF, a company is defined as a for-profit business entity. A biodiversity-friendly practice is one that conserves or uses natural resources in a sustainable manner.

No.	Name of Company	Description of biodiversity-friendly practice adopted during the project	Country(s) where the practice has been adopted by the company
1			
2			
...			

20. Networks & Partnerships

Number of networks and/or partnerships created and/or strengthened

Report on any networks or partnerships between and among civil society groups and other sectors that you have created or strengthened as a result of your project. Networks/partnerships should have some lasting benefit beyond immediate project implementation. Informal networks/partnerships are acceptable. Examples of networks/partnerships include: an alliance of fisherfolk to promote sustainable fisheries practices, a network of environmental journalists, a partnership between one or more NGOs with one or more private sector partners to improve biodiversity management on private lands, or a working group focusing on reptile conservation.

Do not list the partnerships you formed with others to implement this project, unless these partnerships will continue after your project ends.

No.	Name of Network / Partnership	Year established	Did your project establish this Network/ Partnership? Y/N	Country(s) covered	Purpose
1	Solidárias do Meio Ambiente	2022	Yes	Cabo Verde	Volunteering for beach clean-up campaigns and environmental awareness activities
2	ONG "Um cão Amigo"	2022	Yes	Cabo Verde	Control of the population of cats and dogs on the island of Santo Antão to prevent stray dogs from attacking sea turtles

21. Sustainable Financing Mechanism N/A

List any functioning sustainable financing mechanisms created or supported by your project. Sustainable financing mechanisms generate funding for the long-term (generally five or more years). These include, but are not limited to, conservation trust funds, debt-for-nature swaps, payment for ecosystem service (PES) schemes, and other revenue, fee or tax schemes that generate long-term funding for conservation. To be included, a mechanism must be delivering funds for conservation.

21a. Details about the mechanism

No.	Name of Financing Mechanism	Purpose of the Mechanism*	Date of Establishment**	Description***	Countries
1					
2					
3					

*Please provide a succinct description of the mission of the mechanism.

**Please indicate when the sustainable financing mechanism was officially created. If you do not know the exact date, provide a best estimate.

***Description, such as trust fund, endowment, PES scheme, incentive scheme, etc.

21b. Performance of the mechanism

For each Financing Mechanism listed previously, please provide the requested information in accordance with its assigned number.

NO.	Project intervention (mark with x)			Has the mechanism disbursed funds to conservation projects?
	Created a mechanism	Supported an existing mechanism	Created and supported a new mechanism	
1				
2				

22. Red List Species

If the project included direct conservation interventions that benefited globally threatened species (CR, EN, VU), as per the IUCN Red List, add the species below.

Examples of interventions include: preparation or implementation of a conservation action plan, captive breeding programs, species habitat protection, species monitoring, patrolling to halt wildlife trafficking, and removal of invasive species.

Genus	Species	Common Name (Eng)	Status (VU, EN, CR or	Intervention	Population Trend at Site (increasing,

			Extinct in the Wild)		decreasing, stable or unknown)
Caretta	Caretta caretta	Loggerhead turtle	EN	Night patrols to avoid poaching / monitoring population / tagging / sampling for population genetic studies / awareness activities with communities	Stable to increasing

Part V. Information Sharing and CEPF Policy

CEPF is committed to transparent operations and to helping civil society groups share experiences, lessons learned, and results. Final completion and impact reports are made available on our Web site, www.cepf.net, and publicized in our e-newsletter and other communications.

Provide the contact details of your organization (organization name and generic email address) so that interested parties can request further information about your project.

Organization Name: Terrimar – Environment and Sustainable Development

Generic email address: Alto Peixinho, Porto Novo City
Santo Antão island, Cabo Verde