



Small Grants – Project Completion and Impact Report

Instructions to grantees: please complete all fields, and respond to all questions listed below.

Organization Legal Name	NGO "Živjeti zeleno -Living green"
Project Title	Lovčenski zvončić - očuvanje, razumjevanje i promocija Lovcen Bell - preservation, understanding and promotion
Grant Number	CEPF-109786
Date of Report	14.09.2020.

CEPF Hotspot:

Mediterranean Hotspot

KBA: MNE07 – Lovćen; Coordinates: **E 18° 47' 59,15" N 42° 23' 12,41"**

Strategic Direction:

4. Strengthening the involvement of civil society in the conservation of critically endangered or narrowly endemic plants.

Grant Amount: \$ 18.809,10

Project Dates: 15.03.2019.-14.09.2020.

PART I: Overview

1. Implementation Partners for this Project (*list each partner and explain how they were involved in the project*)

- **Lovćen National Park** – Lovćen National Park was involved during the entire project duration in all major project activities. Rangers of the National Park were engaged in the installation of fire-fighting equipment as well as in the control of water bags and their replacement, during the fire season of 2019 and 2020. NP Lovćen provided its premises for holding educational workshops and training on firefighting activities, in which, in addition to the park rangers, the local population also participated. NP Lovćen will continue activities to protect the Lovćen Bell and its habitat from fire. Educational and promotional material was distributed to the Center for Visitors of the Lovćen National Park, where they will continue with educational activities to raise the level of knowledge about the protection of the Lovćen Bell, since children who visit the Lovćen National Park come to this Center through outdoor school programs.

- **The Cetinje Fire Brigade** was involved in the pre-project period and during the implementation of activities related to fire protection measures. The cooperation was reflected in the exchange of knowledge, the presentation of an innovative method of protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat, the exchange of experiences and the application of the most appropriate practices, in order to more effectively fight and extinguish fires. The Cetinje Fire Brigade also provided support during the installation of firefighting equipment at the Lovćen Bell habitat during 2019 and 2020.
- **Local community Mirac and Dolovi (local population)** - Cooperation on the project was achieved through the participation of local people in workshops and the acquiring knowledge. The workshops were related to:
 - raising the level of knowledge and understanding of ecology and biology of the Lovćen Bell (*Edraianthus wettsteinii* subsp. *Lovcenicus*), and how to distinguish it from the subspecies *Edraianthus wettsteinii* subsp. *wettsteinii*.
 - training on fire prevention measures, how to act preventively in case of fire, as well as introduction to the innovative method of extinguishing fires in the habitat of Lovćen Bell, which was applied through the project "Lovćen Bell - preservation, understanding and promotion".
- The local population participated in the installation of firefighting equipment. **Elementary school "Njegos" from Kotor and Elementary school "Njegos" from Cetinje** - due to the pandemic caused by the corona virus and measures introduced by the National Coordination Body of Montenegro, we could not educate children from elementary schools from Cetinje and Kotor, nor organize an art colony. The activity was redirected to the production of posters on the protection of nature from fire and the protection and promotion of the Lovćen Bell, as well as to the production of educational material that assigned to primary schools.
- **Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism of Montenegro, Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection of Montenegro, Municipality of Kotor and Municipality of Cetinje** - the project Lovcen Bell - preservation, understanding and promotion sent an initiative to relevant institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism of Montenegro, Agency for the Protection of Nature and the Environment of Montenegro, the Municipality of Kotor and the Municipality of Cetinje) to include in their Action Plans the protection of the stenoedemic species of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat, as well as the protection of the habitat of the Lovćen Bell from fire. The initiative has been accepted by the relevant institutions and the protection of the Lovćen Bell will be included in the biodiversity protection action plans.
- **Local souvenir producers** have made authentic souvenirs inspired by the floral form of the Lovćen Bell that are on display at the Lovćen National Park Visitor Center. This encouraged NP Lovćen to offer souvenirs inspired by the Lovćen Bell in the offer of the souvenir shop located within the Center.

2. Summarize the overall results/impact of your project

A Memorandum of Cooperation was signed with the Lovćen National Park and the Cetinje Fire Brigade, which ensured better cooperation between the NGO Living Green, the Lovćen National Park and the Cetinje Fire Brigade.

Workshops were held where locals (Mirac and Dolovi), firefighters and park rangers gained knowledge about the importance of Lovcen Bell protection, fire protection measures, an innovative method applied to the habitat of Lovćen Bell, as well as rules of conduct in case of fire.

This caused a change in the practice of maintaining and clearing the plots (which are owned by the locals) with the help of fire, which reduced the possibility of a fire breaking out.

Microlocations for the installation of firefighting equipment have been determined by experts. Fire-fighting equipment was installed during the fire season of 2019 and 2020. During the fire season, control and, if necessary, replacement of damaged biodegradable bags was performed. The installation of firefighting equipment has reduced the possibility of the outbreak and / or spread of fire in the habitat of Lovćen Bell.

During 2019 and 2020, there were no fires in the area where the innovative method of extinguishing fires with the help of biodegradable water bags was applied, as well as in the wider environment. However, the existence of water canisters in the waterless area, which is more than 8 km away from the first water source, provided security primarily to local residents, park rangers and firefighters that they would be able to react in time in case of fire.

Equipment for the application of the innovative method of firefighting has been handed over to the Lovćen National Park, which will continue to apply it in the following period.

An Action Plan for the protection of the Lovćen Bell was developed, which was the basis for sending an Initiative to the competent institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection, Kotor Municipality, Cetinje Municipality, Public Enterprise for National Parks of Montenegro)to include the Action Plan for the Protection of the Lovćen Bell into the National Biodiversity Strategy with the Action Plan and local Action Plans of the municipalities of Kotor and Cetinje, as well as the Management Plan of Lovćen National Park . The initiative was accepted by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, JPNPCG as well as the Municipality of Kotor. The Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection, based on the act of acceptance of the proposal by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, is required by law to implement the Action Plan for the protection of Lovćen Bell in the National Biodiversity Strategy.

This will ensure that the competent institutions at the local and national level, through the implementation of the Action Plans, take measures to protect the Lovćen Bell.

Due to the situation caused by Covid 19, activities related to the organization of educational workshops for children as well as the organization of an art colony are redirected to the organization of an art competition for children as well as the production of promotional and educational materials. Through the art competition, the children are motivated to explore why the Lovćen Bell is special and unique, and how fires can occur in nature and to turn their observations into works of art.

We attracted the attention and interest of children and visitors of the Lovćen National Park for the Lovćen Bell and the dangers of wildfires by making promotional and educational posters that were placed in prominent places in primary school buildings in Kotor and Cetinje, the Visitor Center of Lovćen National Park and the resort " Lovćen - Bečići " in NP Lovćen.

With the help of created educational materials, that are made as an interactive and creative teaching tool (with interesting texts, questionnaires, crossword puzzles, anagrams, rbus and coloring books) 1100 children of VI grade of elementary school "Njegos" from Kotor and elementary school "Njegos" from Cetinje will be educated, as well as 3800 children who will visit the Lovćen National Park Visitor Center through the Program "School in nature".

The project also includes local souvenir makers who made authentic souvenirs inspired by the floral shape of the Lovćen Bell, which was the reason why the NP Lovćen souvenir shops will place these souvenirs in their souvenir shops in the future, thus supporting local souvenir producers.

3. Briefly describe actual progress towards each planned long-term and short-term impact (as stated in the approved proposal)

List each long-term impact from your proposal

a. Planned Long-term Impacts - 3+ years (as stated in the approved proposal)

Impact Description	Impact Summary
<p>Conservation of biological diversity in the karst area through the protection and promotion of the population and habitat of the stenoendemic species Lovcen Bell (Lovčenski zvončić) - <i>Edraianthus wettsteinii</i> subsp. <i>lovcenicus</i></p>	<p>The application of an innovative method of extinguishing fires (by installing water canisters and biodegradable water bags) refers not only to the protection of the Lovćen Bell but also to the karst habitat in which other endemic and legally protected species grow (nationally and globally). By including stakeholders (NP Lovćen, Cetinje Fire Brigade and local population) in the process of applying the innovative method through trainings and workshops, long-term conditions have been created to ensure the protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat. All fire-fighting equipment procured by this project has been transferred to the ownership of NP Lovćen, which will continue to apply the innovative method of firefighting after the end of the project.</p> <p>Relevant state institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection, Municipality of Kotor and Cetinje) received an Initiative to Incorporate the Action Plan for the Protection of Bells Lovćen (which also contains an action plan for early fire intervention) into the Action Plan biodiversity of Montenegro, as well as action plans for biodiversity protection of the municipalities of Kotor and Cetinje. By accepting the initiative by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism as well as the Municipality of Kotor, the conditions are created that the protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat will be incorporated into strategic documents : National Biodiversity Strategy with Action Plan 2022-2026, the Local Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Cetinje 2021-2025 and the Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Kotor 2021-2025 as well as Management Plan of NP Lovćen 2021-2025. This acquires the obligation of the competent institutions to get involved in the protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat.</p> <p>By making educational material (educational booklet and posters) for children of primary school age, which was given to the Elementary School "Njegoš" in Kotor, Elementary School "Njegoš" in Cetinje, children's resort "Lovćen - Bečići" in NP</p>

	Lovćen, as well as the Visitor Center NP Lovćen (which is visited by an average of about 9,000 students a year) will continue the education and promotion of the steno endemic species Lovćen bell.
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b. Planned Short-term Impacts - 1 to 3 years (as stated in the approved proposal)

Impact Description	Impact Summary
<p>Elimination of the risk of fire in the habitat of Lovćen Bell, through an innovative method of fire protection (installation of specific firefighting equipment), training of supervisors of the Protection Service of Lovćen NP (rangers) and local population (local communities Mirac and Dolovi) on preventive and direct fire protection measures, and establishing early fire responses by defining emergency actions by the Action Plan</p>	<p>The application of an innovative method of extinguishing fires with the help of specific fire-fighting equipment (canisters and biodegradable water bags) has reduced the possibility of fire outbreak and / or its spread in the habitat of the endemic species Lovćen Bell. Although there were no fires during the project, the existence of water canisters in the waterless area (the nearest water source is 8 km away) provided security for local residents, park rangers and firefighters that in case of fire they would be able to act and extinguish the fire.</p> <p>By organizing workshops, the local population (Mirac and Dolovi), rangers of the Lovćen National Park and firefighters of the Cetinje Fire Brigade gained knowledge about firefighting measures, an innovative method of extinguishing fires applied to the habitat of Lovćen Bell and acquired skills of early action in case of fire. The workshops also contributed to a better understanding and cooperation between the above-mentioned stakeholders.</p> <p>An Action Plan for the protection of the Lovćen Bell has been developed, which includes an action plan for early intervention in fires in the habitat of the Lovćen Bell.</p>
<p>Presence of specific activities on the protection of the Lovćen Bell in the planning documents of institutions responsible for nature protection (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection), as well as local action plans of the municipalities of Cetinje and Kotor.</p>	<p>During the project implementation (2019-2020), the National Biodiversity Strategy with the Action Plan 2016-2020, the Local Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Cetinje 2016-2020 and the Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Kotor 2016-2020 as well as the Management Plan of the Lovćen National Park 2016-2020 were valid.</p> <p>The project developed an Action Plan for the protection of Lovćen Bell, which was the basis to send the Initiative to relevant state institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection, Kotor Municipality, Cetinje Municipality, Public Enterprise for National Parks of Montenegro) to in</p>

	<p>the following Action Plans, it also incorporates the Action Plan for the Protection of the Lovćen Bell, which was created as a product of this project. The initiative was accepted by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the Municipality of Kotor. The Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection, based on the act of acceptance of the proposal by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, is required by law to implement the Action Plan for the protection of Lovćen Bell in the National Biodiversity Strategy.</p> <p>The public company for National Parks of Montenegro, through strategic activities, has included measures and activities in the function of the Lovćen Bell (Draft Management Plan of NP Lovćen 2021-2025).</p> <p>NGO Living Green will monitor the process of including the action plan for the protection of Lovćen Bell in the above-mentioned Action Plans and will inform CEPF about it.</p>
<p>Involvement of the public in the protection of the Lovćen Bell by making educational materials and a competition for children of primary school age, in order to raise public awareness of the importance of preserving and protecting this endemic to reduce the public's impact on the species and its habitat.</p>	<p>Due to the situation caused by the COVID 19 virus pandemic and the measures adopted by the National Coordination Body of Montenegro for Infectious Diseases, we were not able to implement educational workshops and art colonies as planned at the beginning of the project.</p> <p>For these reasons, an online art competition was organized for school children. Thanks to the art competition, awareness and knowledge have been raised among school children.</p> <p>By producing promotional and educational materials and their distribution in NP Lovćen, resort "Lovćen-Bečići" in NP Loćen and primary schools in Kotor and Cetinje, we managed to interest the management of these institutions (directors and director's assistant) to get involved in the protection, understanding and promotion of Lovćen Bell. In the coming period (after the abolition of measures introduced by the National Coordination Body), these institutions will continue to raise awareness of the importance of protection and understanding of the Lovćen Bell among children and visitors to the Lovćen National Park with the help of promotional and educational materials. In this way, 1,100 VI grade students from primary schools in Kotor and Cetinje will be educated, as</p>

well as 3,800 children who will visit the Lovćen National Park through the Program "School in nature"

Promotional flyers "Lovćen Bell" and "Fire Danger in the Park" were distributed in the Visitor Center of NP Lovćen and are intended for visitors of this National Park. Since due to the situation caused by the COVID 19 virus, Visitor Center of Lovćen National Park was poorly visited by visitors this year, we can roughly say that a few dozen visitors were educated this way.

By making authentic souvenirs that are inspired by the floral form of the Lovćen Bell, we have initiated cooperation between local souvenir producers and the Management of the Lovćen National Park, which will be reflected in the purchase of authentic souvenirs and their placement in souvenirshop of Lovćen National Park.

It is important to note that the general public was informed about the project activities of the project "Lovćen Bell - preservation, understanding and promotion" through electronic and print media, as well as social networks.

We will mention the television show "Ekovizija" which was broadcast on national television, then the portal "Energetskiportal" from the Republic of Serbia, the daily Dan and Vijesti, the Publication of Association Dinarides Parks - a Network of protected areas in Slovenia, Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia, Macedonia, Kosovo, Albania and Montenegro as well as the website and social networks of PE for National Parks of Montenegro.

It is difficult to estimate the real impact on the general public, but based on the information we have, we can conclude that project activities and reporting on their implementation through electronic and print media had a great impact on the general public. It is evident that the Project has popularized obvious threats of this species primarily to expand knowledge about the very narrow range, the importance of preserving this rare plant and the degree of responsibility to protect against fire.

Our website will be operational regardless of the finalization of this project. As protection of this kind is mandatory for policy makers regarding protection (acceptance the Action Plan by Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism), and

	<p>since we are the organization that initiated the protection of the Lovćen Bell, it will be our pleasure as well as the obligation to continue with the promotion and informing the public. Our social networks (Instagram and Facebook) are followed by a total of about 250 followers.</p>
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4. Describe the success or challenges of the project toward achieving its short-term and long-term impacts

The success of the project is reflected in the following:

- An innovative method of extinguishing the fire was established, with which the Cetinje Fire Brigade, the rangers of the Lovćen National Park, as well as the local population were introduced. Equipment procured in order to apply an innovative method of fire extinguishing (water canisters) was installed in the habitat of Lovćen Bell. This is very important because the existence of a canister of water in the arid area where the Lovćen Bell grows and in the arid area of the Lovćen National Park in general, allows the local population and rangers of the Lovćen National Park to act immediately and thus prevent the spread of fire.
- Two educational workshops were held on the topic of biology, ecology and understanding the importance of protection and preservation of the stenoendemic species Lovćen Bell for the local population, rangers of the Lovćen National Park and firefighters (Cetinje Fire Brigade). The participants of the workshops took an active part in the workshops and gave their contribution by discussing the topic of protection and preservation of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat.
- Two educational workshops and training for the local population and guards of the National Park were held on the topic of firefighting and application of the innovative method of firefighting that was implemented by this project. The local population was very interested in educational workshops and provided support during the installation of firefighting equipment and delivery of water to the canisters which were installed in the project area.
- The Initiative for the development of the Action Plan for the Lovćen Bell has been developed. The initiative was sent to the competent state institutions, in order to be included in the Action Plan within the Biodiversity Strategy of Montenegro, as well as in the local action plans of the municipalities of Kotor and Cetinje. The initiatives have been accepted by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the Municipality of Kotor and will be incorporated into the planning documents of the mentioned institutions responsible for nature protection in the coming period.
- In order to promote, popularize and educate the Lovćen Bell, flyers about the Lovćen Bell and fire prevention and protection measures were made, as well as promotional posters and an educational-enigmatic booklet intended for primary school children ", as well as authentic souvenirs inspired by flower form of Lovćen Bell. Promotional and educational material was distributed in the Elementary School "Njegoš" in Kotor, Elementary School "Njegoš" in Cetinje, the resort "Lovćen - Bečići" in NP Lovćen, as well as in the Visitor Center NP Lovćen. In the future, with the help of educational materials, teachers from the mentioned primary schools and educators in the Visitor Center of the Lovćen National

Park will organize educational workshops for children. By making an authentic souvenir inspired by the Lovćen Bell, we helped the realization of the Program activity "Making an authentic souvenir in the Lovćen National Park", which is foreseen by the Management Program of the Lovćen National Park for 2020. In the future, souvenirs inspired by the Lovćen Bell, which were made for the needs of this project by local souvenir producers, will be sold in the souvenir shops of the Lovćen National Park.

- For children in 5 good categories, an art competition was organized (Lovćen Bell and Save the nature of fire), the best works awarded valuable prizes (hats, T-shirts, badges and educational material). In this way, this rare and endemic plant was popularized as well as attention was drawn to the danger that fire can cause in nature.

5. Were there any unexpected impacts (positive or negative)?

During the implementation of the Project (ideas and activities themselves), the first difficulties arose regarding the procurement of equipment that was needed for the implementation of activities in the field. By researching the market and supply before and during the writing of the application, there seemed to be no problem. Namely, there was a difficulty that referred directly to the selected bidder, because in the first phase we received equipment that did not meet the specification required. Very soon after refusing to receive it, after insisting we got approximately what we imagined during the design of the project itself.

Also, during the implementation, a problem arose during the installation of equipment in terms of initial planning. We did not count on extremely difficult terrain and access, so for each subsequent process it was necessary to hire more people and apply a different way of setting up.

At the first installation, we did not use lifts (wedges and ropes), but the bags were placed directly on the ground, which turned out to be unsafe, they did not retain water in themselves for a long time, they were drilled for an unknown reason. Later, we installed the wedges and hired a larger number of people to install them.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we were not able to organize an art colony and educational workshops with primary schools from Cetinje and Kotor. We redirected the funds to the production of an educational material, posters on the topic of the Lovćen Bell and Fire protection, as well as the organization of an online art competition for children in 5 categories. For the purpose of the competition, prizes were made for children, including T-shirts, hats and badges.

PART II: Project Components and Products/Deliverables

6. Components (as stated in the approved proposal)

List each component and product/deliverable from your proposal

6. Describe the results for each deliverable:

Component		Deliverable		
#	Description	Sub-#	Description	Results for Deliverable

1.	education of the local population (local communities Mirac and Dolovi) / organized 2 educational workshops			Two educational workshops on the topic of protection, preservation and understanding of the Lovćen Bell were organized as well as two educational workshops on the topic of fire prevention measures, as well as innovative methods of firefighting applied by the project "Lovćen Bell - preservation, understanding and promotion" The workshops were organized on June 25, 2019, in which 16 participants participated, and on August 2, 2019, in which 15 participants participated.
2.	education and training of rangers of the Lovćen National Park / two workshops organized			Two educational workshops on the topic of protection, preservation and understanding of the Lovćen Bell were organized as well as two educational workshops on the topic of fire prevention measures, as well as innovative methods of firefighting applied by the project "Lovćen Bell - preservation, understanding and promotion" The workshops were organized on June 25, 2019, in which 16 participants participated, and on August 2, 2019, in which 15 participants participated.
3.	Establishment of an innovative fire protection system			During field visits to habitats of Lovćen Bell, expert botanist and expert in firefighting determined the micro-locations most sensitive to fire outbreaks, where firefighting equipment was installed (biodegradable water bags and canisters with water). Firefighting equipment was installed twice in the fire season (July-September) 2019 and (July-September) 2020. During 2019, 210 biodegradable water bags were installed, and in 2020, 300 biodegradable water bags. Rangers of Lovćen National Park visited the field several times during the fire season of 2019 and 2020 and replaced damaged biodegradable bags.
4.	Development of an Action Plan for early intervention in fire on the habitat of the steno endemic			The document "Action plan for early intervention in fire on habitats of the steno endemic species Lovćen Bell" was prepared and sent to the relevant institutions.

	species Lovćen Bell			
5.	Initiation of the development of the Action Plan for the species Lovćen Bell with the relevant state institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection) and the municipalities of Kotor and Cetinje (local action plans)			<p>The Initiative for the development of the Action Plan for the Lovćen Bell has been developed. The initiative was sent to the competent state institutions, in order to be included in the Action Plan within the Biodiversity Strategy of Montenegro, as well as in the local action plans of the municipalities of Kotor and Cetinje. The initiatives have been accepted by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the Municipality of Kotor and will be incorporated into the planning documents of the mentioned institutions responsible for nature protection in the coming period</p>
6.	Production of promotional and educational materials			<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The flyer "Lovćen Bell" was made. The flyer was printed in a circulation of 500 pieces and was distributed in the Visitor Center of NP Lovćen. Since due to the situation caused by the COVID 19 virus, Visitor Center of Lovćen National Park was poorly visited by visitors this year, we can roughly say that a few dozen visitors were educated this way. 2. A flyer "Causes and measures of fire protection" was made. The flyer was printed in a circulation of 500 pieces and was distributed in the Visitor Center of NP Lovćen. Since due to the situation caused by the COVID 19 virus, Visitor Center of Lovćen National Park was poorly visited by visitors

				<p>this year, we can roughly say that a few dozen visitors were educated this way.</p> <p>3. The poster "Lovćen Bell" was made in a circulation of 10 pieces. The posters were distributed to the Elementary School "Njegoš" in Kotor (3 pieces), to the Elementary School "Njegoš" in Cetinje (3 pieces), to the resort "Lovćen-Bečići" in NP Lovćen (2 pieces), to the Visitor Center NP Lovćen (1 piece) and to Administrative building of NP Lovćen (1 piece). The posters are placed in visible places in the buildings of the mentioned institutions and aim to attract the attention and interest of children and visitors of the Lovćen National Park.</p> <p>4. The poster "Let's protect nature from fire" was made in a circulation of 10 pieces. The posters were distributed to the Elementary School "Njegoš" in Kotor (3 pieces), to the Elementary School "Njegoš" in Cetinje (3 pieces), to the resort "Lovćen-Bečići" in NP Lovćen (2 pieces), to the Visitor Center NP Lovćen (1 piece) and to Administrative building NP Lovćen (1pieces) The posters are placed in visible places in the buildings of the mentioned institutions and aim to attract the attention and interest of children and visitors of the Lovćen National Park.</p> <p>5. An educational booklet was made for primary school children. The educational booklet contains interesting texts, crossword puzzles, questions, anagrams, coloring books, etc. The educational booklet was printed in a circulation of 5,000 copies and was distributed to the Elementary School "Njegos" in Kotor (500 pieces), the Elementary School "Njegos" in Cetinje (600 pieces), the resort "Lovcen - Becici" in NP</p>
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				<p>Lovcen (100 pieces) and the Center for visitors NP Lovćen (3800 pieces).</p> <p>In this way, 1,100 VI grade students from primary schools in Kotor and Cetinje will be educated, as well as 3,800 children who will visit the Lovćen National Park through the "school in nature" program.</p> <p>6. A competition for the best art work on the topic "Lovćen Bell" as well as on the topic "Let's protect nature from fire" was organized for children in 5 age categories. As a reward for the best works, promotional material was made: hats (20 pieces), T-shirts (20 pieces) and badges (50 pieces). Of the 52 entries, 11 were awarded. The prize was sent by mail. The best art works are published on the NGO Living green website http://living-green.me/pobjednici-takmicenja-nacrtaj-lovecnski-zvonic-i-ko-ugrozava-nase-sume/</p> <p>7. On the topic "Lovćens Bell - perfection of floral form", local souvenir producers have made authentic souvenirs of NP Lovćen, which will be purchased, for the needs of souvenir shops of NP Lovćen. Some of them can be viewed on the NGO Living Green website. http://living-green.me/savrsenstvo-cvjetne-forme-suveniri/</p>
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7. Please describe and submit any tools, products, or methodologies that resulted from this project or contributed to the results.

The project applied an innovative method of firefighting. Although no fires have occurred during the project, this innovative method can be applied to similar areas that are important for the conservation of endemic relict and protected species.

A significant product of this project is the Initiative for the development of the Action Plan for the Lovćen Blue Bell has been developed, which was sent to the competent state institutions, in order to be included in the Action Plan within the Biodiversity Strategy of Montenegro, as well as in the local action plans of the municipalities of Kotor and Cetinje. The initiatives have been accepted by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the Municipality of Kotor and will be

incorporated into the planning documents of the mentioned institutions responsible for nature protection in the coming period.

The protection, promotion and understanding of the Lovćen blue bell that resulted from this project will continue in the future through the implementation of the activities of the Management Plan of the NP Lovćen 2021-2025, which is currently in draft form.

What this so-called "pilot project" has shown is the real interest of local people who still live in this area when it comes to such actions. We saw for ourselves an open interest and desire to actively join in the activities. At the very beginning of the realization, we were afraid that they would not understand and be motivated by our idea, taking the negative impact of many social events, but in the process of getting to know each other through meetings, workshops, conversations, we can say that protection awareness is moving towards a better trend.

Also, state organizations such as the Cetinje Fire Brigade were interested in the way and a completely new approach that this project had in itself.

A respectable state institution such as CANU Montenegrin Academy of Sciences invited our NGO to mark the name of the project, the name of the donor, as well as with all other references to come out in the Botanical Lexicon to be published in the near future, as one of the good examples of conservation and care of endemic plants. We are very proud of that fact.

PART III: Lessons, Sustainability, Safeguards and Financing

Lessons Learned

8. Describe any lessons learned during the design and implementation of the project, as well as any related to organizational development and capacity building.

Consider lessons that would inform:

- Project Design Process (*aspects of the project design that contributed to its success/shortcomings*)
From the very beginning, a botanist with many years of experience in researching the flora from the Lovćen area, as well as a forestry engineer - fire expert were involved in the project development process, who with their experience, knowledge and ideas influenced the success of the project development and implementation.
- Project Implementation (*aspects of the project execution that contributed to its success/shortcomings*)
Involvement of relevant institutions (NP Lovćen, Cetinje Fire Brigade), local population, institutions in charge of biodiversity conservation (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection, Cetinje and Kotor municipalities), as well as inclusion of primary schools that gravitate to the National Park Lovćen in the implementation of the project significantly contributed to its success.
- Describe any other lessons learned relevant to the conservation community
Lessons learned concern the most underestimation of the severity of field conditions (area conditions, micro locations) in the sense that during the writing of the project some aspects that could have been overlooked were omitted. In particular, relying on the experience of an expert dealing with the problems of ecology and biology was not enough to lay the foundations based on this issue regarding the establishment of conservation methods in the field.

Potential risks, as stated in terms of insufficient manpower and the impossibility of simple installation of equipment and installation of equipment in an adequate manner, were addressed on the spot, by organizing short emergency meetings and organizing assistance by the National Park (Protection Service) by including rangers and locals. We covered the incurred costs from our own funds.

During the installation of the equipment, two engaged workers were injured, and we prevented major complications with a quick reaction. We did not manage the risk of injuries in the best way, because we did not take into account the purchase of field equipment (pants and special field shoes with crampons).

Regarding organizational development and capacity building, the lesson learned is that the organization itself needs a larger number of volunteers and that this is what should be a priority for organizations in the future

Since we are a relatively young Non-Governmental Organization during the implementation of the project, we should have connected with other Non-Governmental Organizations dealing with environmental and nature protection in order to exchange knowledge, experiences, ideas and open the possibility for further cooperation.

Sustainability / Replication

9. Summarize the success or challenges in ensuring the project will be sustained or replicated, including any unplanned activities that are likely to result in increased sustainability or replicability.

The signing of the Memorandum of cooperation with NP Lovćen ensured not only their inclusion in the implementation of project activities, but also the continuation of activities to protect Lovcen Bell by applying an innovative method of extinguishing fires, as well as educating children and visitors to NP Lovcen by providing promotional and educational materials. These activities have been incorporated into the Draft five-year Management Plan of NP Lovćen 2021-2025.

All equipment (canisters, other biodegradable water bags, pumps, hoses and other small equipment) necessary for the application of the innovative method of fire extinguishing was handed over to NP Lovćen, which will continue the activities of installing firefighting equipment in the future through the Draft NP Management Plan Lovcen 2021-2025.

Promotion and education of children and visitors to the Lovćen National Park will be provided in the Center for Visitors of the Lovćen National Park, which is provided with a certain amount of printed promotional and educational material. Preparation for the printing of this material was also given to NP Lovćen so that they could reprint it according to their abilities.

The sustainability of the project is reflected in the acceptance of the Initiative for the Development of an Action Plan for the protection of the Lovćen Bell, which was accepted by the relevant institutions, ie. Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, as well as the Municipality of Kotor.

Safeguards

10. If not listed as a separate Project Component and described above, summarize the implementation of any required action related to social or environmental safeguards that your project may have triggered.

Additional Funding

11. Provide details of any additional funding that supported this project and any funding secured for the project, organization, or the region, as a result of CEPF investment

a. Total additional funding (US\$)

b. Type of funding

Please provide a breakdown of additional funding (counterpart funding and in-kind) by source, categorizing each contribution into one of the following categories:

Donor	Type of Funding*	Amount	Notes
/	/	/	/

* Categorize the type of funding as:

- A *Project Co-Financing (other donors or your organization contribute to the direct costs of this project)*
- B *Grantee and Partner Leveraging (other donors contribute to your organization or a partner organization as a direct result of successes with this CEPF funded project)*
- C *Regional/Portfolio Leveraging (other donors make large investments in a region because of CEPF investment or successes related to this project)*

Additional Comments/Recommendations

12. Use this space to provide any further comments or recommendations in relation to your project or CEPF.

PART IV: Impact at Portfolio and Global Level

CEPF requires that each grantee report on impact at the end of the project. The purpose of this report is to collect data that will contribute to CEPF's portfolio and global indicators. CEPF will aggregate the data that you submit with data from other grantees, to determine the overall impact of CEPF investment. CEPF's aggregated results will be reported on in our annual report and other communications materials.

Ensure that the information provided pertains to the entire project, from start date to project end date.

Contribution to Portfolio Indicators

13. If CEPF assigned one or more Portfolio Indicators to your project during the full proposal preparation phase, please list these below and report on the project's contribution(s) to them.

Indicator	Narrative
Threatened plant species seeing status improved	<p>Lovćen Bell is a narrowly endemic species that is found exclusively in a narrow area - on the southern slopes of Štirovnik. Such a narrow area of distribution is an indicator of its vulnerability and endangerment. As a rare endemic plant species, the Lovćen Bell has national significance - it is on the List of legally protected species of Montenegro. It is recognized as an IPA (Important Plant Areas) species, which gives it and its habitat international significance and protection. The status of this plant species has improved by drawing attention to its vulnerability. The very proposal to single out the species as special in the Action Plans that will be developed is a big step towards its preservation and care by official institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection, Public Enterprise for National Parks of Montenegro, Lovcen National Par , Cetinje Fire Brigade, Kotor Municipality, Cetinje Municipality, Mirac and Dolovi Local Communities).</p> <p>Although the project activities were related to the protection, understanding and promotion of Lovcen Bell, the implementation of program activities achieved popularization of other endemic plant species, growing in the habitat of Lovcen Bell such as: Moltkea petraea, Euphorbia spinosa, Daphne alpina, Seseli globiferum, Tanacetum cinerarifolium, Viburnum maculatum, Saxifraga federici augusti etc.</p>
Number of unprotected sites important for plants with improved management practices	<p>Lovćen Bell is located in a habitat that is in one (smaller) part in the zone, and the other (larger) part in the border (contact) zone of the protected area - NP Lovćen. This contact zone partly belongs to the village of Dolovi and partly to the village of Mirac. With this in mind, the project activities were focused on</p>

	the education and training of the local population (Dolovi and Mirac) and their involvement in the implementation of project activities. As a result, there was an increase in the level of awareness and knowledge of the local population about the importance of the Lovćen Bell and the importance of its protection and preservation. The greatest success of this project is reflected in the fact that the local population during 2019 and 2020 (and hopefully this will be the practice in the future) abandoned the habit of maintaining their plots by fire, as well as the fact that local people were trained for early fire-fighting action.
Number of protected area managers demonstrating improved skills and knowledge on plant conservation	Management of NP Lovćen (3 people), Fire Brigade Cetinje (1 man)
Number of locally endemic or highly threatened plant species for which improved knowledge is available	Lovćen Bell - <i>Edraianthus wetstainii ssp. lovcenicus</i>
KBAs for which information on plants is improved	MNE07 – Lovćen
Change in # of hectares of KBAs with strengthened protection and management	6,8ha (0.3 ha is within the boundaries of NP Lovćen 6.5 ha is in the contact zone of NP Lovćen)

Contribution to Global Indicators

Please report on all Global Indicators (sections 16 to 23 below) that pertain to your project.

14. Key Biodiversity Area Management

Number of hectares of Key Biodiversity Areas (KBA) with improved management

Please report on the number of hectares in KBAs with improved management, as a result of CEPF investment. Examples of improved management include, but are not restricted to: increased patrolling, reduced intensity of snaring, invasive species eradication, reduced incidence of fire, and introduction of sustainable agricultural/fisheries practices. Do not record the entire area covered by the project - only record the number of hectares that have improved management.

If you have recorded part or all of a KBA as newly protected for the indicator entitled “protected areas” (section 17 below), and you have also improved its management, you should record the relevant number of hectares for both this indicator and the “protected areas” indicator.

Name of KBA	# of Hectares with strengthened management *	Is the KBA Not protected, Partially protected or Fully
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		protected? Please select one: NP/PP/FP
MNE07-Lovćen	6,8ha (0.3 ha is within the boundaries of NP Lovćen and 6.5 ha is in the contact zone of NP Lovćen)	NP

* Do not count the same hectares more than once. For example, if 500 hectares were improved due to implementation of a fire management regime in the first year, and 200 of these same 500 hectares were improved due to invasive species removal in the second year, the total number of hectares with improved management would be 500.

15. Protected Areas

15a. Number of hectares of protected areas created and/or expanded

Report on the number of hectares of protected areas that have been created or expanded as a result of CEPF investment.

- The area of the protected area has not changed

Name of PA*	Country(s)	# of Hectares	Year of legal declaration or expansion	Longitude**	Latitude**
/	/	/	/	/	/

* If possible please provide a shape file of the protected area to CEPF.

** Indicate the latitude and longitude of the center of the site, to the extent possible, or send a map or shapefile to CEPF. Give geographic coordinates in decimal degrees; latitudes in the Southern Hemisphere and longitudes in the Western Hemisphere should be denoted with a minus sign (example: Latitude 38.123456 Longitude: -77.123456).

15b. Protected area management

If you have been requested to submit a Management Effectiveness Tracking Tool (METT), please follow the instructions below. If you have not been requested to submit a METT, please go directly to section 16.

Should you want to know more about the monitoring of protected area management effectiveness and the tracking tool, please click [here](#).

Download the METT template which can be found on [this page](#) and then work with the protected area authorities to fill it out. Please go to the Protected Planet website [here](#) and search for your protected area in their database to record its associated WDPA ID. Then please fill in the following table:

WDPA ID	PA Official Name	Date of METT*	METT Total Score

* Please indicate when the METT was filled by the authorities of the park or provide a best estimate if the exact date is unknown. And please only provide METTs less than 12 months old.

Please do not forget to submit the completed METT together with this report.

16. Production landscape

Please report on the number of hectares of production landscapes with strengthened management of biodiversity, as a result of CEPF investment. A production landscape is defined as a landscape where agriculture, forestry or natural product exploitation occurs. Production landscapes may include KBAs, and therefore hectares counted under the indicator entitled “KBA Management” may also be counted here. Examples of interventions include: best practices and guidelines implemented, incentive schemes introduced, sites/products certified and sustainable harvesting regulations introduced.

Number of hectares of production landscapes with strengthened management of biodiversity.

Name of Production Landscape*	# of Hectares**	Latitude***	Longitude***	Description of Intervention
Kobilji turi	6,5ha	18° 47' 51,87"	42° 23' 17,15"	Application Improvement and changes in practices in maintenance of vegetation cover by locals. The new method of extinguishing the fire has led to improved management of the area where the Lovćen Bell grows.

* If the production landscape does not have a name, provide a brief descriptive name for the landscape.

***Do not count the same hectares more than once. For example, if 500 hectares were strengthened due to certification in the first year, and 200 of these same 500 hectares were strengthened due to new harvesting regulations in the second year, the total number of hectares strengthened to date would be 500.*

**** Indicate the latitude and longitude of the center of the site, to the extent possible, or send a map or shapefile to CEPF. Give geographic coordinates in decimal degrees; latitudes in the Southern Hemisphere and longitudes in the Western Hemisphere should be denoted with a minus sign (example: Latitude 38.123456 Longitude: -77.123456).*

17. Beneficiaries

CEPF wants to record two types of benefits that are likely to be received by individuals: structured training and increased income. Please report on the number of men and women that have benefited from structured training (such as financial management, beekeeping, horticulture) and/or increased income (such as from tourism, agriculture, medicinal plant harvest/production, fisheries, handicraft production) as a result of CEPF investment. Please provide results since the start of your project to project completion.

17a. Number of men and women receiving structured training.

# of men receiving structured training *	# of women receiving structured training *
17	5

**Please do not count the same person more than once. For example, if 5 men received structured training in beekeeping, and 3 of these also received structured training in project management, the total number of men who benefited from structured training should be 5.*

17b. Number of men and women receiving cash benefits.

# of men receiving cash benefits*	# of women receiving cash benefits*
/	5

**Please do not count the same person more than once. For example, if 5 men received cash benefits due to tourism, and 3 of these also received cash benefits from increased income due to handicrafts, the total number of men who received cash benefits should be 5.*

18. Benefits to Communities

CEPF wants to record the benefits received by communities, which can differ to those received by individuals because the benefits are available to a group. CEPF also wants to record, to the extent possible, the number of people within each community who are benefiting. Please report on the characteristics of the communities, the type of benefits that have been received during the project, and the number of men/boys and women/girls from these communities that have benefited, as a result of CEPF investment. If exact numbers are not known, please provide an estimate.

18a. Please provide information for all communities that have benefited from project start to project completion.

Name of Community	Community Characteristics (mark with x)							Type of Benefit (mark with x)							# of Beneficiaries			
	Subsistence economy	Small landowners	Indigenous/ ethnic peoples	Pastoralists / nomadic peoples	Recent migrants	Urban communities	Other*	Increased access to clean water	Increased food security	Increased access to energy	Increased access to public services (e.g. health care, education)	Increased resilience to climate change	Improved land tenure	Improved recognition of traditional knowledge	Improved representation and decision-making in governance forums/structures	Improved access to ecosystem services	# of men and boys benefiting	# of women and girls benefiting
Mirac		x									x						6	/
Dolovi		x									x						11	5

*If you marked "Other" to describe the community characteristic, please explain:

18b. Geolocation of each community

Indicate the latitude and longitude of the center of the community, to the extent possible, or upload a map or shapefile. Give geographic coordinates in decimal degrees; latitudes in the Southern Hemisphere and longitudes in the Western Hemisphere should be denoted with a minus sign (example: Latitude 38.123456 Longitude: -77.123456).

Name of Community	Latitude	Longitude
Mirac	18° 47' 0,60"	42° 23' 0,18"
Dolovi	18° 48' 6,94"	42° 23' 42,06"

19. Policies, Laws and Regulations

Please report on change in the number of legally binding laws, regulations, and policies with conservation provisions that have been enacted or amended, as a result of CEPF investment. "Laws and regulations" pertain to official rules or orders, prescribed by authority. Any law, regulation, decree or order is eligible to be included. "Policies" that are adopted or pursued by a government, including a sector or faction of government, are eligible.

19a. Name, scope and topic of the policy, law or regulation that has been amended or enacted as a result of your project

Activities on the protection and promotion of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat will be incorporated in the Management Plan of the Lovćen National Park 2021-2025.

By accepting the initiative for the development of the Action Plan for the Protection of the Lovcen Bell and its Habitat by a relevant institution such as the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism of Montenegro, activities for the protection of the Lovcen Bell and its habitat will be incorporated into several documents: National Biodiversity Strategy with Action Plan 2022-2026, the Local Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Cetinje 2021-2025 and the Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Kotor 2021-2025.

No.	Scope (mark with x)	Topic(s) addressed (mark with x)
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	Name of Law, Policy or Regulation	Local	National	Regional/International	Agriculture	Climate	Ecosystem Management	Education	Energy	Fisheries	Forestry	Mining and Quarrying	Planning/Zoning	Pollution	Protected Areas	Species Protection	Tourism	Transportation	Wildlife Trade
1	Management Plan of the Lovćen National Park 2021-2025- Draft	x	x				x	x							x	x			
2	National Biodiversity Strategy with Action Plan 2022-2026		x				x								x	x			
3	Local Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Cetinje 2021-2025	x	x				x	x							x	x			
4	Biodiversity Action Plan of the Municipality of Kotor 2021-2025.	x	x				x	x							x	x			

19b. For each law, policy or regulation listed above, please provide the requested information in accordance with its assigned number.

No.	Country(s)	Date enacted/ amended MM/DD/YYYY	Expected impact	Action that you performed to achieve this change
1	Montenegro	During 2021	Protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat from the effects of fire. Promotion and raising the level of public awareness about the importance of preserving, protecting and understanding the steno endemic species Lovćen Bell	Introduction of innovative fire extinguishing methods in the habitat of Lovćen Bell. Procurement of necessary firefighting equipment. Training of rangers NP Lovćen for firefighting. Providing logistics.

				Providing promotional and educational material.
2	Montenegro	During 2022	Protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat	Initiation of the development of the Action Plan for the species Lovćen Bell with the relevant state institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the Agency for Nature and Environmental Protection)
3	Montenegro	During 2021	Protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat	Initiation of the development of the Action Plan for the species Lovćen Bell with the relevant state institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the municipalities of Cetinje)
4	Montenegro	During 2021	Protection of the Lovćen Bell and its habitat	Initiation of the development of the Action Plan for the species Lovćen Bell with the relevant state institutions (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism and the Agency for Nature and the municipalities of Kotor)

20. Sustainable Financing Mechanism

Sustainable financing mechanisms generate financial resources for the long-term (generally five or more years). Examples of sustainable financial mechanisms include conservation trust funds, debt-for-nature swaps, payment for ecosystem services (PES) schemes, and other revenue, fee or tax schemes that generate long-term funding for conservation.

All CEPF grantees (or sub-grantees) with project activities that pertain to the creation and/or the implementation of a sustainable financing mechanism are requested to provide information on the mechanism and the funds it delivered to conservation projects during the project timeframe, unless another grantee involved with the same mechanism has already been or is expected to be tasked with this.

CEPF requires that all sustainable financing mechanism projects to provide the necessary information at their completion.

20a. Details about the mechanism

Fill in this table for as many mechanisms you worked on during your project implementation as needed.

NO.	Name of financing mechanism	Purpose of the mechanism*	Date of Establishment**	Description***	Countries
1	/	/	/	/	/
2					
3					

*Please provide a succinct description of the mission of the mechanism.

**Please indicate when the sustainable financing mechanism was officially created. If you do not know the exact date, provide a best estimate.

***Description, such as trust fund, endowment, PES scheme, incentive scheme, etc.

20b. Performance of the mechanism

For each Financing Mechanism listed previously, please provide the requested information in accordance with its assigned number.

NO.	Project intervention*	\$ Amount disbursed to conservation projects**	Period under Review (MM/YYYY -MM/YYYY)***
1	/	/	/
2			
3			

*List whether the CEPF grant has helped to create a new mechanism (Created a mechanism) or helped to support an existing mechanism (Supported an existing mechanism) or helped to create and then support a new mechanism (Created and supported a new mechanism).

**Please only indicate the USD amount disbursed to conservation projects during the period of implementation of your project and using, when needed, the exchange rate on the day of your report.

***Please indicate the period of implementation of your project or the period considered for the amount you indicated.

Please do not forget to submit any relevant document which could provide justification for the amount you stated above.

21. Biodiversity-friendly Practices

Please describe any biodiversity-friendly practices that companies have adopted as a result of CEPF investment. A company is defined as a legal entity made up of an association of people, be they natural, legal, or a mixture of both, for carrying on a commercial or industrial enterprise. While companies take various forms, for the purposes of CEPF, a company is defined as a for-profit business entity. A biodiversity-friendly practice is one that conserves or uses biodiversity sustainably.

Number of companies that adopt biodiversity-friendly practices

No.	Name of company	Description of biodiversity-friendly practice adopted during the project
1		
2		
...		

22. Networks & Partnerships

Please report on any new networks or partnerships between civil society groups and across to other sectors that you have established or strengthened as a result of CEPF investment. Networks/partnerships should have some lasting benefit beyond immediate project implementation. Informal networks/partnerships are acceptable even if they do not have a Memorandum of Understanding or other type of validation. Examples of networks/partnerships include: an alliance of fisherfolk to promote sustainable fisheries practices, a network of environmental journalists, a partnership between one or more NGOs with one or more private sector partners to improve biodiversity management on private lands, a working group focusing on reptile conservation. Please do not use this tab to list the partners in your project, unless some or all of them are part of such a network / partnership described above.

Number of networks and/or partnerships created and/or strengthened

No.	Name of Network	Name of Partnership	Year established	Did your project establish this Network/ Partnership? Y/N	Country(s) covered	Purpose
1						

2						
...						

23. Gender

If you have been requested to submit a Gender Tracking Tool (GTT), please follow the instructions provided in the Excel GTT template. If you have not been requested to submit a GTT, please go directly to Part V.

Should you want to know more about CEPF Gender Policy, please click [here](#).

Download the GTT template which can be found on [this page](#) and then work with your team to fill it out. Please do not forget to submit the completed GTT together with this report.

Part V. Information Sharing and CEPF Policy

CEPF is committed to transparent operations and to helping civil society groups share experiences, lessons learned, and results. Final project completion reports are made available on our Web site, www.cepf.net, and publicized in our newsletter and other communications.

Please include your full contact details below:

17. Name: "Living green – Živjeti zeleno"

18. Organization: NGO

19. Mailing address: Džordža Vašingtona 18, 81000 Podgorica, Montenegro

20. Telephone number: +382 67 258 178

21. E-mail address: livinggreen@living-green.me

<http://living-green.me/o-projektu/>

<http://living-green.me/projekat-lovcenski-zvonic-ocuvanje-razumijevanje-i-promocija/>

<http://living-green.me/edukativna-radionica-lovcenski-zvonic-ocuvanje-razumijevanje-i->

[prohttp://living-green.me/aktivnosti-u-okviru-projekta-lovcenski-zvonic-ocuvanje-razumijevanje-i-promocijamocija/](http://living-green.me/aktivnosti-u-okviru-projekta-lovcenski-zvonic-ocuvanje-razumijevanje-i-promocijamocija/)

<http://living-green.me/obilazak-lovcenskog-zvonicica/>

<http://nparkovi.me/znacaj-ocuvanja-lovcenskog-zvonicica-i-mjere-njegove-protivpozarne-zastite/>

<http://dinaricarparks.blogspot.com/2019/07/u-np-lovcen-u-toku-aktivnosti-na.html>

<https://www.energetskiportal.rs/pocela-realizacija-projekta-lovcenski-zvonic-ocuvanje-razhttps://sharemontenegro.me/lovcenski-zvonic-zasticen-od-moguceg-pozara/umievanje-i-promocija/>

<https://www.dan.co.me/?nivo=3&rubrika=Drustvo&clanak=704431&datum=2019-07-13>

<http://www.rtcg.me/tv/emisije/informativni/ekovizija/255899/ekovizija-15102019.html>

- about 25 minutes