CEPF Proposal Development Workshop 4-5 June 2024

# GENDER AND CONSERVATION





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- - They differ across cultures.
  - They change over time.

# WHAT IS GENDER?

Gender refers to the **social and cultural** attributes of being a man or a woman.

For example, women and men do different activities because of society's values and beliefs.

These gender-based roles and activities are learned.

### **INCORPORATING GENDER INTO PROJECTS LEADS TO MORE SUSTAINABLE IMPACTS**

Women and men often have different roles in natural resource management. They have different knowledge and priorities, too.

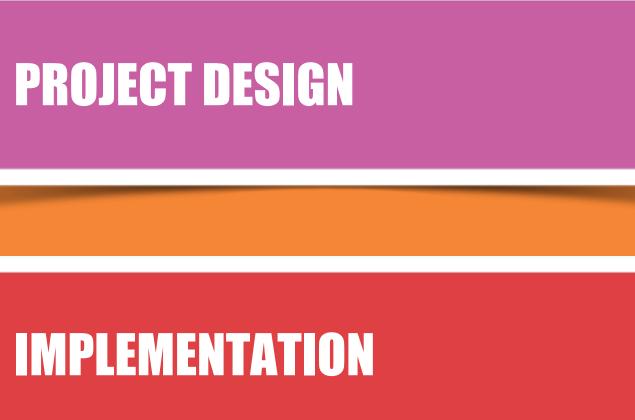


### BUT

women and men have different power and ownership over resources. **SO,** for our projects to succeed, we need to take **GENDER** 

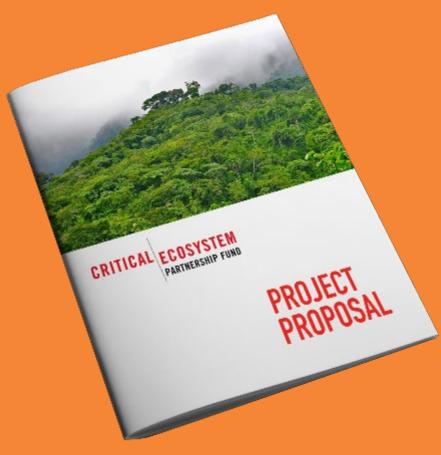
differences into account.

### **INTEGRATE GENDER IN YOUR CEPF PROJECT AT ALL STAGES**





AND REPORTING



# **PROJECT MONITORING**



# **INTEGRATING GENDER IN YOUR PROJECT**



- women fairly.

Refer to the CEPF Gender Toolkit for more examples.

 $\checkmark$  Seek women and men's opinions when you plan your project. They are likely to have different interests and needs.

 $\checkmark$  Understand the unique roles that women and men play in the community and design your project to include them.

✓ Ensure your project will benefit men and

# **DESIGNING GENDER-RESPONSIVE PROJECTS**

Your project must apply gender-responsive management practices that support women to increase their access to natural resources at KBAs and their participation in environmental decision making.

one of more of the following: benefits for women; natural resources.

- To this end, your project must contribute meaningfully to
  - (i) generate equitable and meaningful socio-economic
  - (ii) enhance women's influence and leadership in conservation governance and decision-making; (iii) increase equitable access to, and control over,

## **INTEGRATING GENDER IN YOUR PROJECT**

✓ Ensure women and men participate in activities equitably (e.g., Will you only train male rangers or only female bookkeepers?)

✓ Make sure your activities don't inadvertently impact either gender negatively.



## **EXAMPLES OF MEASURES THAT CAN BE TAKEN**

in environmental decision making:

- CEPF grantees in Indo-Burma have identified several good practices for overcoming barriers to women's participation
  - (i) creating dedicated spaces for women to talk, engage in events and make decisions;
  - (ii) halting activities if women are not present;
  - (iii) holding meetings in places where women spend time and waiting for them if necessary.

## **INTEGRATING GENDER IN YOUR PROJECT**

 $\checkmark$  Monitor the benefits and participation of both women and men.



# REPORTING

Collect data on men and women separately (e.g., 5 female guards and 10 male guards trained).

# **ORGANIZATIONAL GENDER ACTION PLANNING**

inclusive workplace environment for women

a gender action plan for your organization

such as:

- tracking of gender metrics; - review of gender pay equity; - training on prevention of SEAH.

- All CEPF grantees are expected to ensure a supportive and
- To this end, you will be supported to develop (or update)
- You should include dedicated project activities related to developing (or updating) your gender action plan, and implementing measures to address barriers to inclusivity,

#### RECAP **GENDER IS CENTRAL TO ALL GOOD CEPF PROJECTS**

#### **PROJECT DESIGN** - ENSURE THE PROJECT WILL BENEFIT **WOMEN AND MEN EQUITABLY**

### NITORING - COLLECT SEX-DISAGGREGATED DATA



#### **PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION** - OVERCOME BARRIERS TO WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION

GENDER

#### **GRANTEE ORGANIZATION** - PREPARE/UPDATE GENDER ACTION PLAN



### **GENDER TOOLKIT**

<u>Available in English, French,</u> <u>Spanish & Portuguese</u>

Gender Toolkit

CRITICAL ECOSYSTEM

# QUESTIONS









